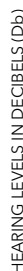


Audiogram of familiar sounds



People often have hearing thresholds spanning two or more of these classes of hearing loss in different pitches / ears.

May have difficulty following speech, especially in noisy situations. This type of loss is often noticed by family first rather than the patient.

Often has difficulty following speech and misses other quiet noises. Amplification is very successful for this loss, but the patient also needs to use good hearing tactics.

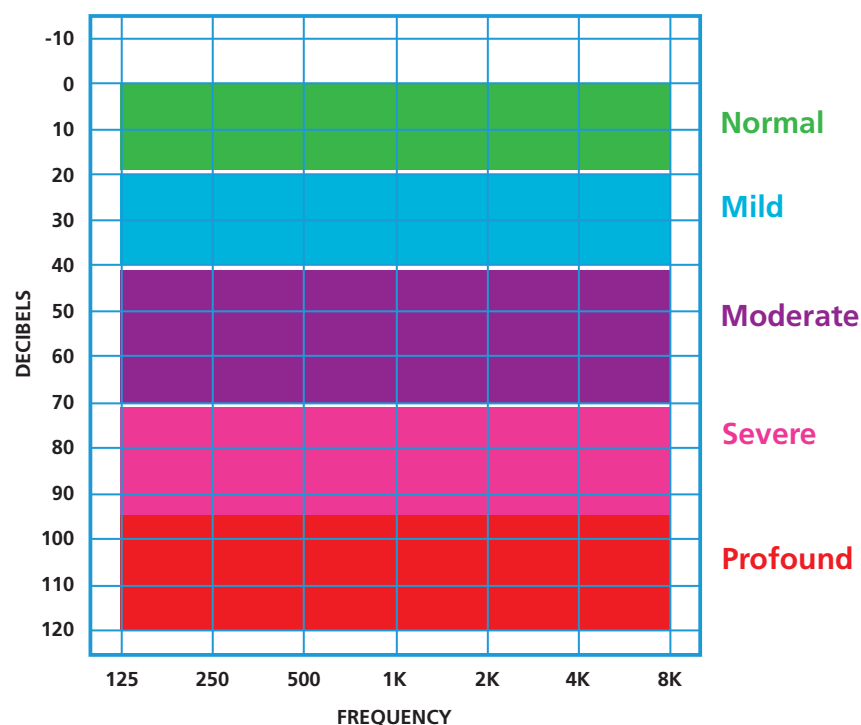
Unable to hear speech even in quiet surroundings and may not hear general noises such as traffic unless they are loud. Amplification is very successful for this loss, but the patient also needs to use good hearing tactics. Lip-reading classes could benefit people with this hearing level.

Unable to hear most sounds unless they are very loud. Amplification is often useful, but the patient will also need to rely on good hearing tactics. Lip-reading classes would also be useful for people with this hearing loss. Patients in this category may also use sign language and watch sign assisted programmes.

Will need to wear appropriate amplification technology (e.g. hearing aids, cochlear implant, FM) in order to hear conversational speech.

Types of hearing loss

Your audiogram



Please note:

People often have hearing thresholds spanning two or more of these classes of hearing loss in different pitches / ears.

□ Mild

May have difficulty following speech, especially in noisy situations. This type of loss is often noticed by family first rather than the patient.

□ Moderate

Often has difficulty following speech and misses other quiet noises. Amplification is very successful for this loss, but the patient also needs to use good hearing tactics.

□ Severe

Unable to hear speech even in quiet surroundings and may not hear general noises such as traffic, unless they are loud. Amplification is very successful for this loss, but the patient also needs to use good hearing tactics. Lip-reading classes could benefit people with this hearing level.

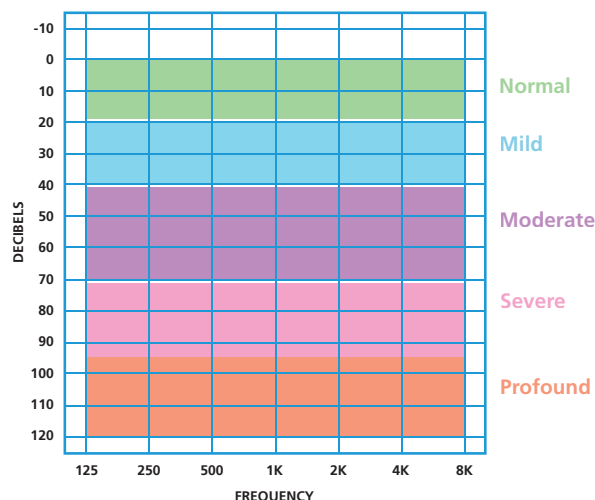
□ Profound

Unable to hear most sounds unless they are very loud. Amplification is often useful, but the patient will also need to rely on good hearing tactics. Lip-reading classes would also be useful for people with this hearing loss. Patients in this category may also use sign language and watch sign assisted programmes.

Types of hearing loss

Your audiogram

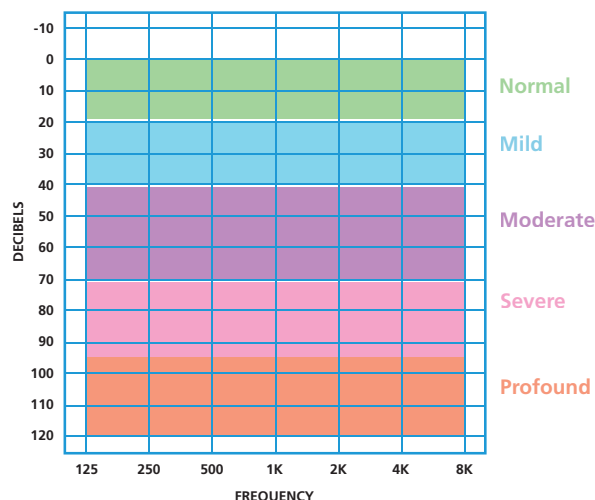
Left Ear



Please note:

People often have hearing thresholds spanning two or more of these classes of hearing loss in different pitches / ears.

Right Ear



Mild

May have difficulty following speech, especially in noisy situations. This type of loss is often noticed by family first rather than the patient.

Moderate

Often has difficulty following speech and misses other quiet noises. Amplification is very successful for this loss, but the patient also needs to use good hearing tactics.

Severe

Unable to hear speech even in quiet surroundings and may not hear general noises such as traffic, unless they are loud. Amplification is very successful for this loss, but the patient also needs to use good hearing tactics. Lip-reading classes could benefit people with this hearing level.

Profound

Unable to hear most sounds unless they are very loud. Amplification is often useful, but the patient will also need to rely on good hearing tactics. Lip-reading classes would also be useful for people with this hearing loss. Patients in this category may also use sign language and watch sign assisted programmes.